

PT850 红外 LED 是一款高灵敏度的光敏传感器,贴片式外型封装,体积小,高可靠性,既节能又环保,应用领域广,可取代传统 CDS 使用,也可以用于产品对射及反射使用。

NEW PTO PT850 infrared LED is a high sensitivity of the photosensitive sensor, SMD package, small size, high reliability, energy saving and environmental protection, wide application field, it can replace the traditional CDS use, can also be used for product use on the radio and reflection.

特性 Features

- 感光峰值波长 850nm Peak wavelength $\lambda_p=850\text{nm}$
- 高可靠性 High reliability
- 低功耗 Low Power Consumption
- 符合 RoHS RoHS compliant

应用 Applications

- 替代传统 CDS 光敏电阻 Instead of conventional CDS photosensitive resistors
- 适用于各类光控照明产品: 如小夜灯等 Suitable for all kinds of light products: such as night lamp etc.
- 自动调节背景光: 如 LCD、手机、照像机、电脑摄像头等 As LCD, phone, camera, computer camera etc.
- 控制各类光控影控玩具 Control all kinds of light controlled picture control toys
- 各类光控红外检测测试设备等 All kinds of light controlled infrared inspection and testing equipment

量身订制 Tailor made

- 品种齐全,生产周期短,小批量库存备货

Variety complete, production cycle is short, small batch inventory stocking

- 可按要求提供不同外型,角度,方便安装于产品的任何位置

Can be provided in different shapes, angles, easy to install in any position of the product

- 可按需求提供最佳的规格,以便让产品效果更好,更具市场竞争力

The best specifications can be provided in order to make the product better and more Competitive

极限参数 Absolute Maximum Ratings at (Ta=25°C)

电气特性 Electrical characteristics	符号 Symbol	额定值 Rated Value	单位 Unit
集电极—发射极电压 Collector-emitter Breakdown Voltage	V _{CEO}	30	V
发射极—集电极电压 Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	V _{ECO}	5	V
功耗 Power	PC	70	mW
工作温度 Operating Temperature	Topr	-30--+85	°C
储存温度 Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40--+100	°C

光学特性 Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

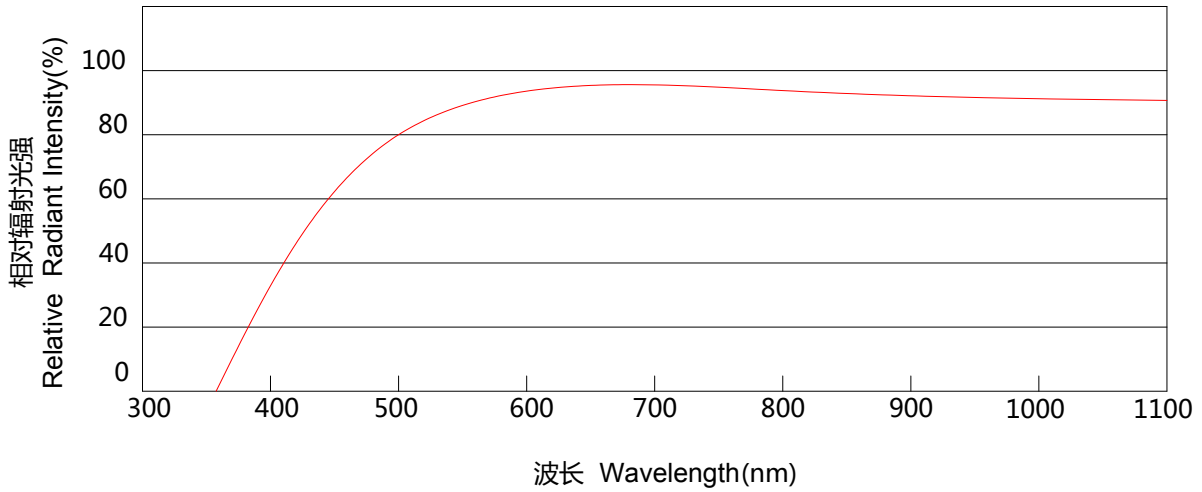
参数 Parameter	符号 Symbol	测试条件 Test Condition	最小 Min	典型 Typ	最大 Max	单位 Unit
感光峰值波长 Photosensitive peak wavelength	λ_p	\	--	850	--	nm
感光波宽范围 Sensitivity wave width	λ	\	400	--	1100	nm
集电极—发射极电压 Collector-emitter Breakdown Voltage	B _{vceo}	I _C =100 μ A E _e =0mW/cm ²	30	--	--	V
发射极—集电极电压 Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage	B _{veco}	I _E =10 μ A E _e =0mW/cm ²	5	--	--	V
集电极发射极饱和电压 Collecto Emitter saturation voltage	V _{ce} (sat)	I _C =2mA E _e =1mW/cm ²	--	--	0.3	V
光电流 Photocurrent	IL(1)	VCE=5V v=10Lux	--	4	--	μ A
	IL(2)	VCE=5V v=30Lux	--	12	--	μ A
	IL(3)	VCE=5V v=100Lux	--	40	--	μ A
暗电流 dark current	I _{ceo}	VCE=5V E _v =0Lux	--	--	10	μ A
开启时间 Opening time	t _r	VCE=5V I _C =1mA	15			us
关闭时间 Closing time	t _f	RL=1000 Ω	15			us

可靠性试验 Reliability Test

测试项目 Test Parameter	参考标准 Reference Criterion	测试条件 Test Condition	时间 Time	样品数 Quantity	Ac/Re
耐焊接热 Resistance to Soldering Heat	JESD22-B106	260°C±5°C	10 sec	22PCS	0/1
冷热循环 Temperature	JESD22-A104	+100°C(15min) 5min -10°C(15min)	50 cycles	22PCS	0/1
冷热冲击 Thermal Shock	JESD22-A104	+105°C(30min) 5min -45°C(30min)	50 cycles	22PCS	0/1
高温贮存 High Temperature storage	JESD22-A103	+100°C	1000H	22PCS	0/1
低温贮存 Low Temperature storage	JESD22-A119	-40°C	1000H	22PCS	0/1
寿命测试 Temperature Operating Life	JESD22-A108	IF=80mA	1000H	22PCS	0/1
高温高湿 High Temperature High Humidity	JESD22-A101	85°C/85%	1000H	22PCS	0/1

光电特性曲线 Typical electro-optical characteristics Curves

感光特性曲线 Photographic property Curve



相对灵敏度
The relative sensitivity

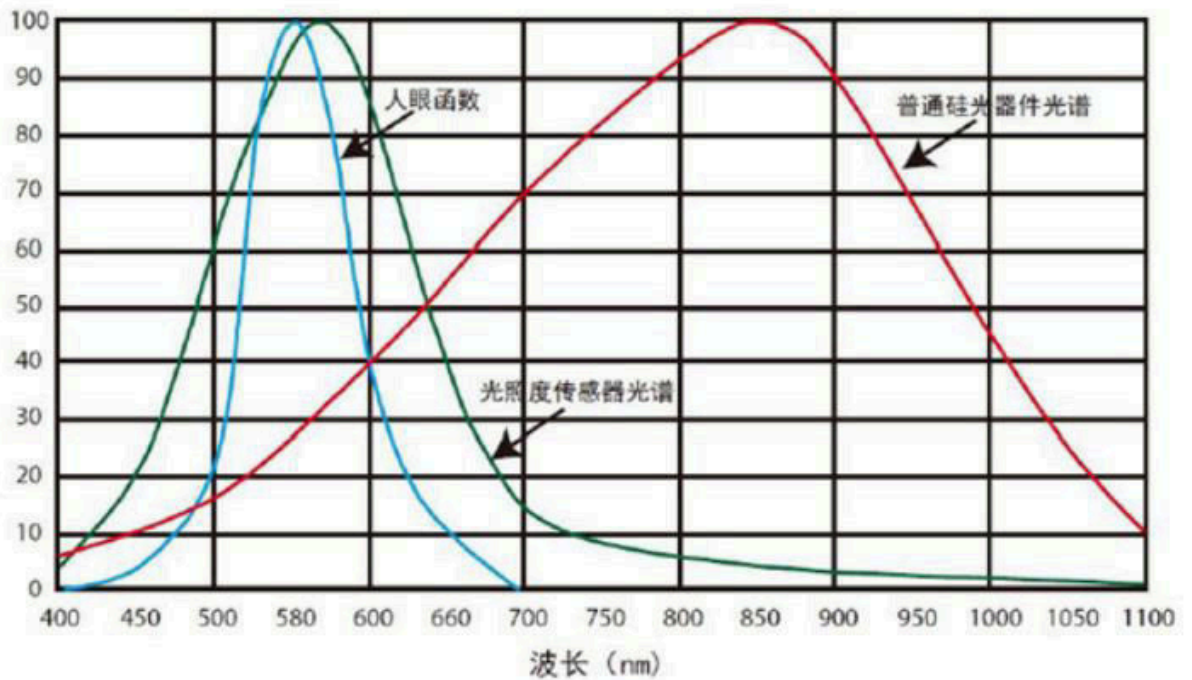
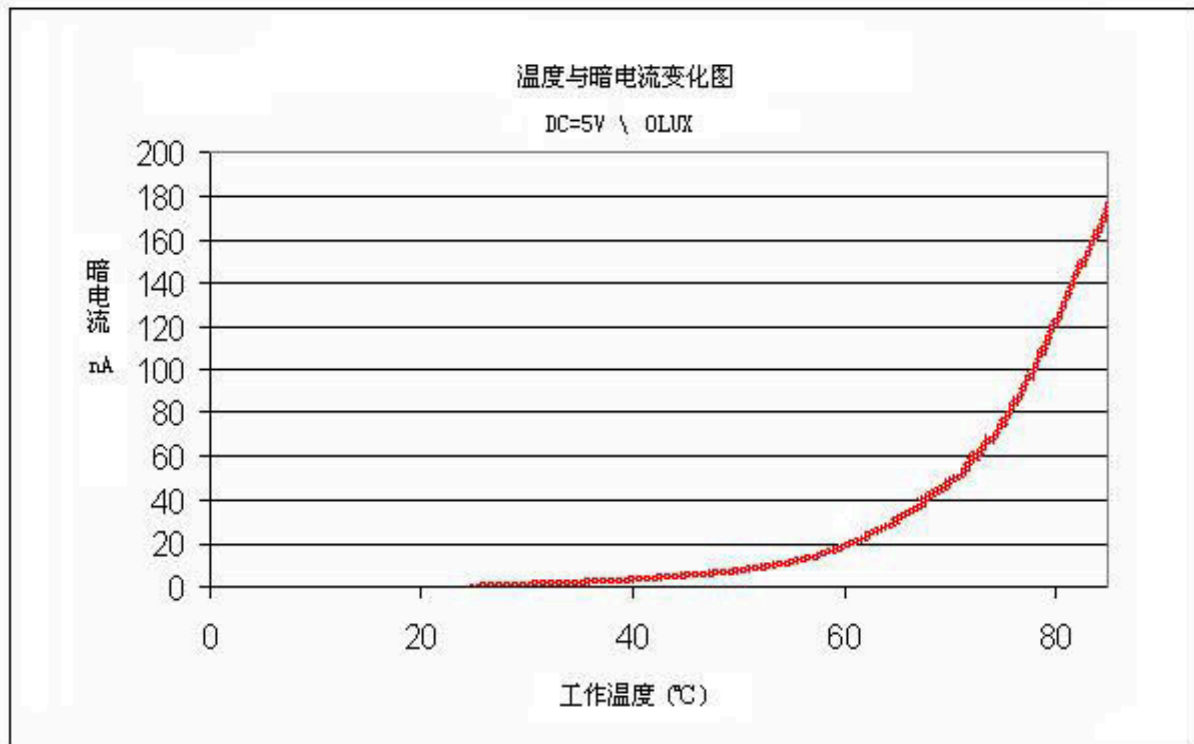


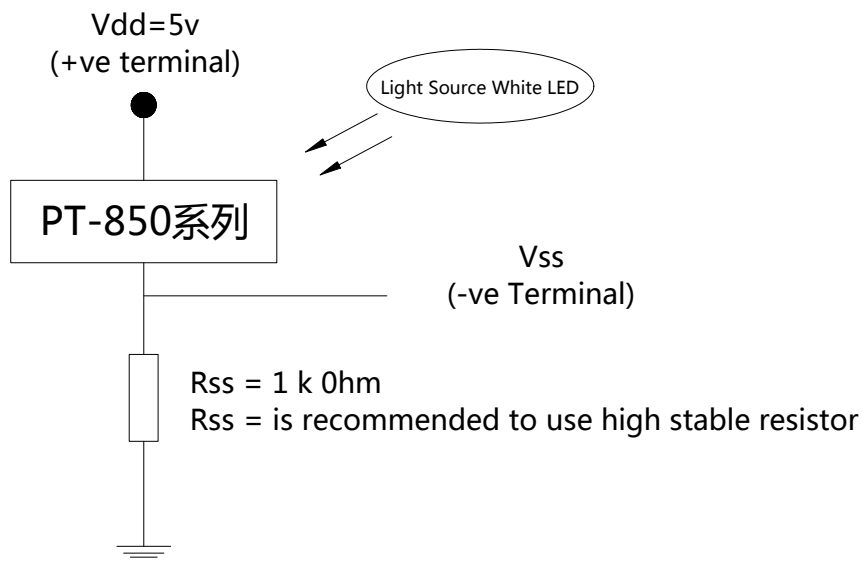
图 1-1

— Photoreceptor curve — PT850 — Visible light sensor curve

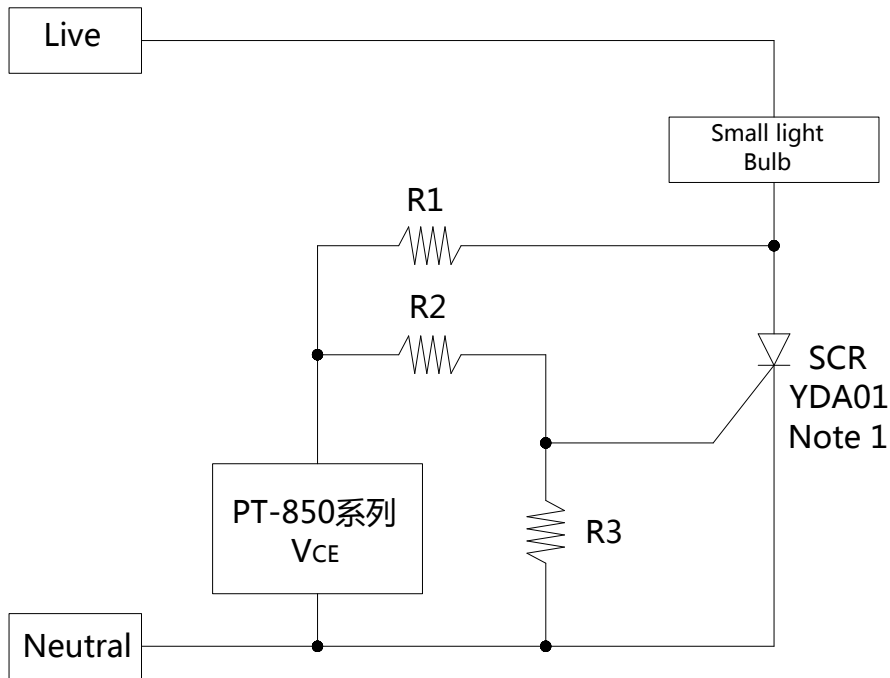
Environment temperature VS Dark



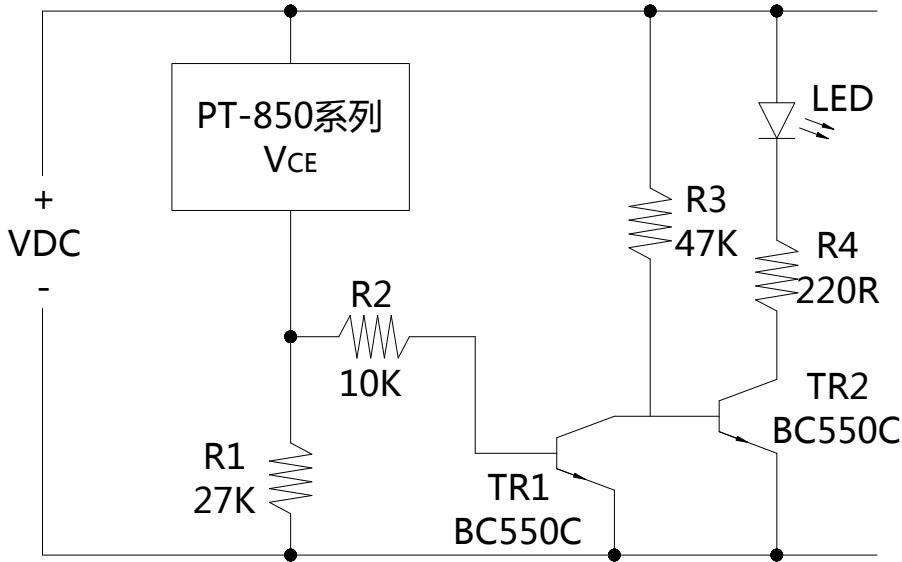
一般应用示意图



LED通用驱动电路

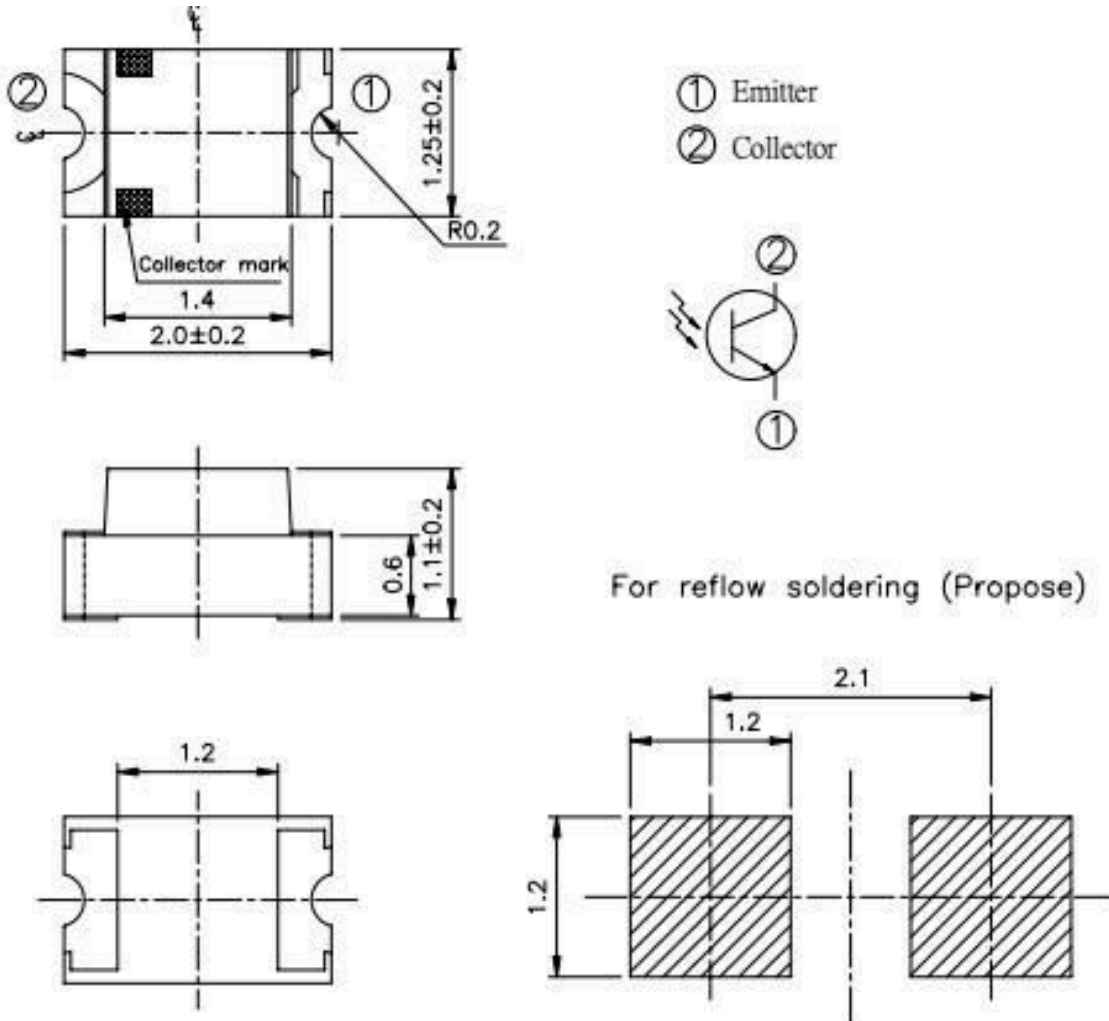


该电路需要一个敏感的可控硅。灯泡的电流是由敏感的可控硅开关空置。可控硅的电性栅极电流小于 $10\mu\text{A}$ 。当光量超过阈值时，该Vce与Vec引脚之间的电流转移了可控硅的栅极电流。光切换阈值可通过选择R2和R3不同的值进行调整。



当光照低于光照阈值时，LED接通。TR1基极电流可以影响开关阈值。在所有温度和输入电压情况下，TR1的基极电流必须小于10以把基极电流的影响降到最低。当环境光照大于光照阈值时，TR1降低R3的电流并使TR2截止，如果用电池供电，低静态电流是非常重要的，所以R3的电阻值要尽可能高，使LED截止时电路的静态电流很低，光照阈值由R1和TR1的基极发射电压空置。R2限制TR1的基极电流，防止高光照射时电流过大。R4控制LED的电流。

产品外型尺寸 Package outline dimensions

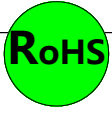


备注：所有尺寸单位均为 mm，如无特殊说明误差范围为±0.15mm

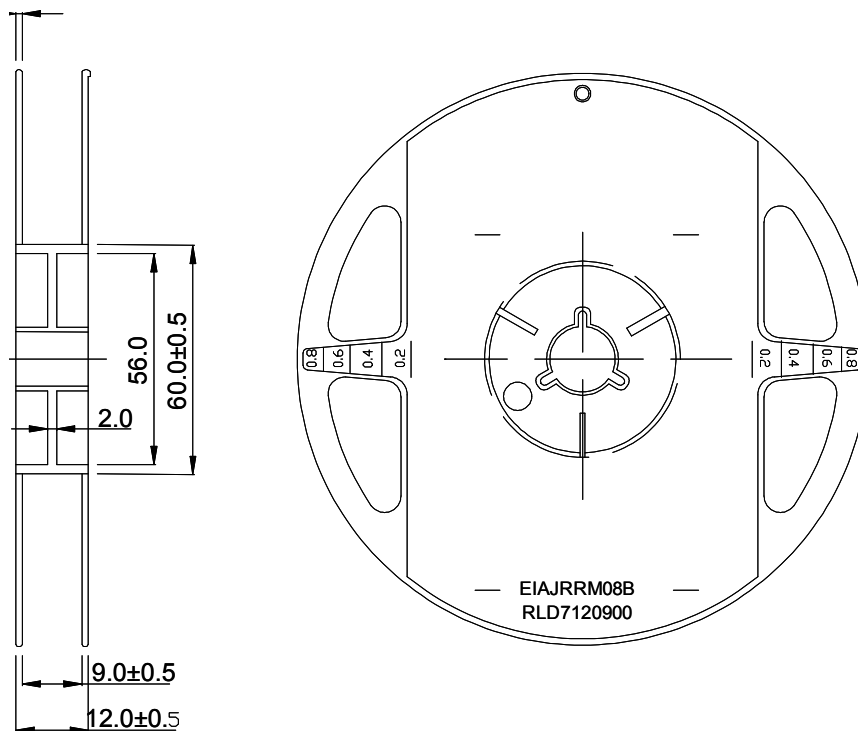
Note : All dimensions in mm,tolerance is ±0.15mm unless otherwise noted

包装规格 Packing Specification

■ 标签规格 Label specification

料号	Material Number	
型号	Model Number	
单号	Lot.Number	
箱号	Box Number	
数量	Quantity	
日期	Date	

■ 卷轴尺寸 Reel Dimensions

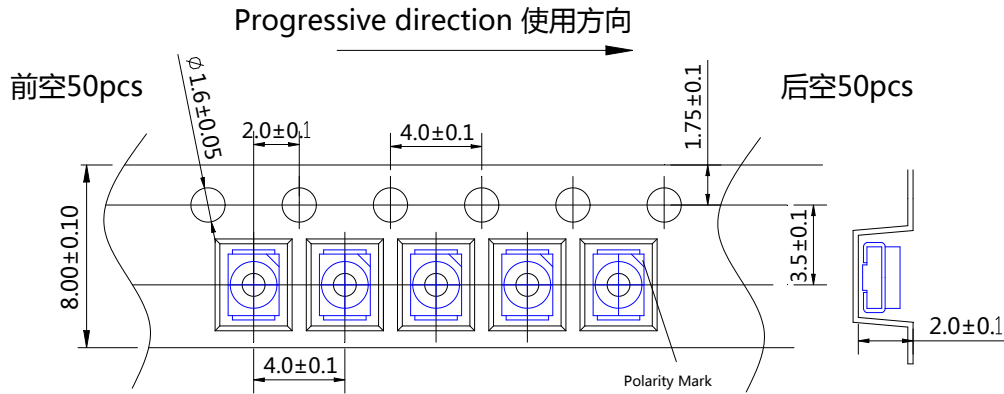


备注：若无特别标注，图中尺寸公差为 ± 0.1 mm，单位=mm

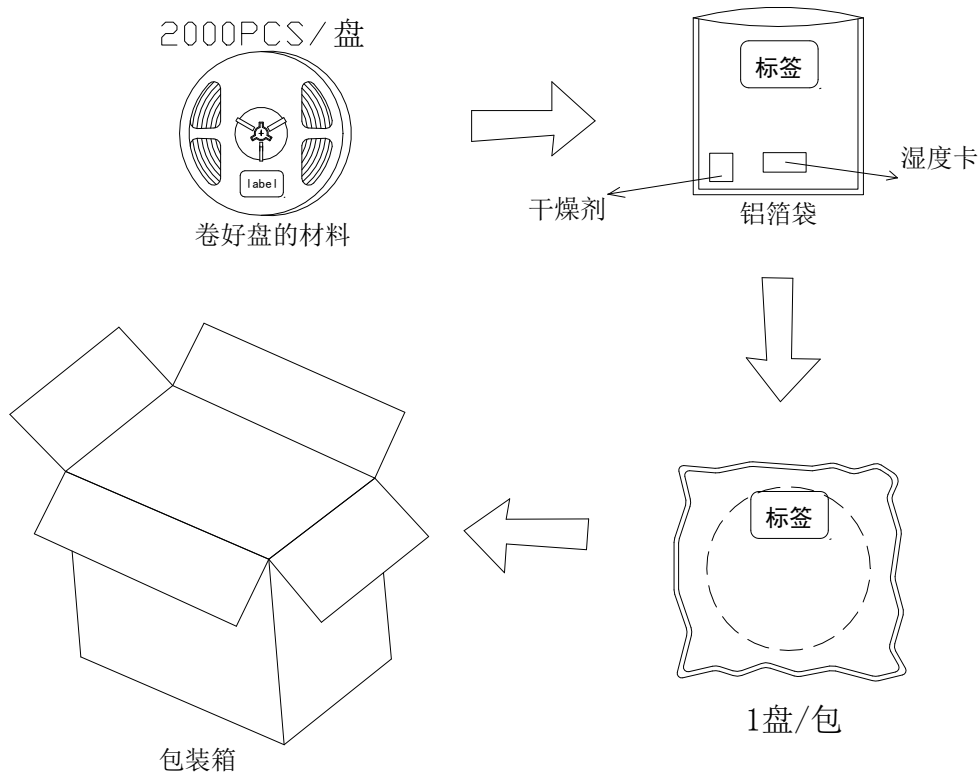
Note : Tolerance s unless mentioned ± 0.01 mm. Unit=mm

■ 卷盘规格 Carrier Tape

编带 2000pcs/卷 Quantity 2000 pcs Per Reel



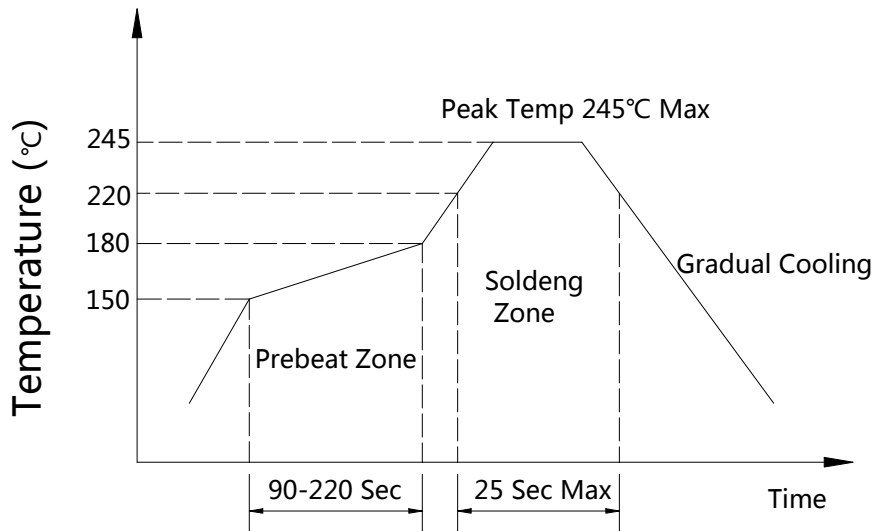
■ 包装步骤 Moisture Resistant Packing Process



回流焊 Reflow

- 回流焊接：推荐使用以下无铅回流焊接温度图进行

Roflow Soldering: Use the conditions shown in the under Figure of PB-Free Reflow Soldering.



- 回流焊接 Reflow Soldering

- 回流焊次数不可以超过两次，两次回流焊时间间隔如果超过 24 小时，LED 可能由于吸湿而损坏。

Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times. In the case of more than 24 hours passed soldering after first, LEDs will be damaged.

- 当焊接时，不要在材料受热时用力压胶体表面。

When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

- 烙铁焊接 Soldering Iron

- 如使用手工焊接，建议使用小于 25 瓦的电烙铁，烙铁温度必须空置在 300°C 以下，焊接时间需控制在 3 秒钟以内，且每个点击只能焊接一次。

If manual soldering is used, the use of a soldering iron of less than 25W is recommended, and the temperature of the iron must be kept below 300°C, with soldering time within 2 seconds.

- 当焊接时，不要在材料受热时用力压胶体表面。

When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

- 手工焊接只可焊接一次。

The hand solder should be done only one time.

- 器件外部温度在 40°C 以下时，才可以对其进行处理。避免高温时操作对 LED 造成损伤。

Handling of the SMD LED should be done when the package has been cooled down to below 40°C or less. This is to prevent LED failures due to thermal-mechanical stress during handling.

■ 清洗 Cleaning

- 在焊接后推荐使用酒精进行清洗，在温度不高于 30°C 的条件下持续 3 分钟，不高于 50°C 的条件下持续 30 秒。使用其他类似溶剂清洗前，请先确认使用的溶剂不会对 LED 的封装和环氧树脂部分造成损伤。

It is recommended that alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning after soldering. Cleaning is to go under 30°C for 3 minutes or 50°C for 30 seconds. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.

- 回流焊次数不可以超过两次，两次回流焊时间间隔如果超过 24 小时，LED 可能由于吸湿而损坏。

Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times. In the case of more than 24 hours passed soldering after first, LEDs will be damaged.

■ 修补 Repairing

- LED 回流焊后不应该修复，当修复是不可避免时，必须使用双头烙铁，但必须事先确认此种方式会或不会损坏 LED 本身的特性。

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance the characteristics of LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

注意：此一般指导原则并不适用于所有 PCB 设计和焊接设备的配置。具体工艺收到诸多因素的影响，请根据特定的 PCB 设计和焊接设备来确定焊接方案。

Note: This general guideline may not apply to all PCB designs and configurations of all soldering equipment. The technique in practice is influenced by many factors, it should be specialized base on the PCB designs and configurations of the soldering equipment.

使用注意事项 Precautions

■ 储存 Storage

- 本产使用密封防潮防静电袋包装,并附有干燥剂,未开封的产品保存时间 2 个月。

Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, Packaged products have 2 months to save time.

- 开封前,产品须存放在温度不高于 30°C,湿度不高于 60%RH 的环境中。

Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH 的环境中。

- 密封防静电袋内的湿度卡应在打开袋子后立即查看袋内的湿度指示卡来确定,湿度显示小于或等于 30%时,使用前须进行烘烤。

Seal anti-electrostatic bag humidity card should immediately check bag humidity indicator card in the open the bag after, Humidity is less than or equal to 30%, Must be baked before use.

- 开封后,产品必须 24 小时内使用完(建议工作环境温度不高于 30°C,湿度不高于 60%),如未使用完,余料须存放在温度不高于 30°C,湿度不高于 10%的环境中。

After opening the package, the product should be soldered within 24 hours. If not, please store at 30°C or less and humidity less than 10%RH. It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.

- 对于尚未焊接的 LED,如果吸湿剂或包装失效,或者产品没有符合以上有效存储条件,烘烤可以起到一定的性能恢复效果。烘烤条件:65±5°C,持续时间 24H。

If the moisture absorbent material has fade away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition : 65±5°C for 24 hours.

■ 静电 Static Electricity

以下操作可降低静电破坏的可能性。

The following procedures may decrease the possibility of ESD damage.

- 将产品和外界之间的摩擦减到最低以避免静电产生。

Minimize friction between the product and surroundings to avoid static buildup.

- 所有的产品设备和测试仪器必须接地。

All production machinery and test instruments must be electrically grounded.

- 操作人员必须配戴静电环。

Operators must wear anti-static bracelets.

- 进入带电设备工作区域时需穿防静电服。

Wear anti-static suit when entering work areas with conductive machinery.

- 所有操作 IC 和 ESD 敏感器件元器件的工作台必须保持低于 150V 的静电保护。

All workstations that handle IC and ESD-sensitive components must maintain an electrostatic potential of 150V or less.

■ 反压保护 Reverse voltage protection

- 通常 LED 的反向漏电流都会很小,不会影响正常使用. 如果长期遭受超过其所能承受的反向电压冲击时,LED 会损伤,反向漏电流会迅速变大,引起显示屏零灰度下串光的发生. 在设计中, 要注意控制反向电压, 建议加在 LED 上的反向电压值不超过 10V。

In generally the reverse current of LED is very small, it can't effect using the component normally, but when it often suffered the reverse voltage which exceed the limits of the component than it will be damaged, the reverse current increases rapidly causing the string light display gray scale so when designing, please pay attention to control the reverse voltage we suggest the reverse voltage less than 10V.

■ 温度保护 The safe temperature for LEDs working

- LED 在高温条件下, 衰减会加速,本身应力也会增大, 若长期处于高温环境下, 极容易出现失效. 对于高密度排列使用的情况,建议在使用过程中灯面温度不超过 55°C, 灯脚温度不超过 75°C。

The high temperature will make the LED's Luminous Intensity decreased radically, if LEDs worked in hot environment for a long time, they will be disabled easily. When LEDs are working in a closed array, we suggest that the LED's surface temperature should be lower than 55°C and the leg's temperature should be lower than 75°C.

■ 其他事项 Others

- 请勿直接触摸或操作硅胶透镜表面, 这可能会损坏内部的电路. 拿取时用镊子或合适的工具夹在元件的侧边。

Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface. It may damage the internal circuitry. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.

- LED 的环氧树脂封装部分相当脆弱, 请勿用坚硬、尖锐的物体刮、擦封装树脂部分. 在用镊子夹取的时候也应当小心注意。

The epoxy resin of encapsulation is fragile,so please avoid scratch or friction over the epoxy resin surface.while handing the product with tweezers,do not hold by the epoxy resin,be careful.

